

6/sets

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PARAMETRIC REVERSE ENGINEERING METHOD FOR DESIGNING TOOLS

The present invention relates to the field of pressing-simulation methods.

5 The present invention relates more particularly to a parametric reverse engineering method for the design of tools.

10 The conventional process for creating dies follows a cycle of iterations: design, evaluation and development from data for the part, with frequent coming and going between the steps.

15 The known methods of the prior art consist of implementing simulations from a CAD file. A report is produced at the end of the simulation steps but each new simulation is performed without taking account of the results of the previous ones: there is in the methods of the prior art no capitalisation according to the work already carried out.

The present invention sets out to remedy the drawbacks of the prior art by making it possible to capitalise on the experience acquired and reuse the work already carried out.

20 To this end, the invention concerns, in its most general acceptance, a parametric reverse engineering method for the

design of tools, characterised in that it comprises the steps consisting of:

- importing an existing model (the design of an existing tool for the existing part);

5 • producing a template for the existing tool;

- separating the tool from the part;

- cataloguing (saving in a numerical database structured in the form of a catalogue) the creation of the existing tool using section lines and characteristic lines;

10 - removing the original part;

- parameterising the template of the existing tool (creation of a parametric profile on the section lines and characteristic lines);

- importing the new part;

15 • making the parametric template correspond to the new part;

- creating the new model, that is to say the new tool for the new part.

According to a first variant, the step consisting of making
20 the parametric template correspond to the new part is carried out automatically.

According to a second variant, the step consisting of making the parametric template correspond to the new part is carried out interactively.

25 The invention will be understood better with the help of the description given below, purely by way of explanation, of an

embodiment of the invention, with reference to the accompanying figures:

- figure 1 illustrates the iterative process of creating dies;
- 5 • figure 2 presents the methodology of fabricating a die;
- figure 3 presents the input of the reverse engineering method according to the invention;
- figures 4, 5 and 6 illustrates the reverse engineering method according to the invention.

10 The method according to the invention makes it possible to conceive the design of the new die by working on the designs of an existing tool and a new part. The methodology of manufacturing a die is depicted in figure 2.

15 The data to be supplied as an input for implementing the method according to the invention are:

- the new part
- the existing tool for the existing part.

20 The existing tool is then broken down by automatically tracing in particular the die entry line and by reconstructing the profiles.

Another step consists of recomposing the new die using the various parametric entities (profiles, blank-holder surface, etc).

25 The invention is described above by way of example. Naturally a person skilled in the art is in a position to implement various variants of the invention without for all that departing from the scope of the patent.